

Academic writing and scientific data collection

Dr. Hwayeong Jeong

Serhat Demirtaş

Prof. Dr. Jamie Paik

Reconfigurable Robotics Laboratory

EPFL, Switzerland

Why?

- Purpose:

Why?

- Purpose:
 - What are the essentials of academic writing, and what should be avoided?
 - Practical guidelines for effective writing

Purpose of writing

- Convince the audience of your conclusions and prototype's validity using **clear, evidence-based reasoning**
- Focus on **what you did and why it matters**, not how hard you worked.

Purpose of writing

- Why this work matters and what problem it addresses? (Introduction, motivation)?
- What have others done in this area (State of the art)?
- How the project was conducted and the approach taken (Methods)?
- How well does the system perform (Results)?
- How does the result align with the project objectives, and what is the value of your project (Discussion, Conclusion)?

Structure

- Abstract
- Introduction
- Engineering specifications
- Method
- Results
- Discussion / Conclusion

Introduction

- **Why** this work matters and **what problem** it addresses?
- Capture the reader's **interest** and show the **importance** of the work
- Provide **background** to help the reader understand the context
- Clearly state the **focus of your project**
- Identify what has **already been done** and what **gaps** still exist
- Explain **your specific approach** to address the problem

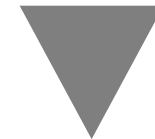
Introduction - Motivation

- Provide background to help the reader understand the context
 - Begin with general statement about the broader field
 - Explain the current state of the technology or problem domain
 - Introduce key concepts the reader needs to know

Introduction - Motivation

- Provide background to help the reader understand the context
 - Begin with general statement about the broader field
 - Explain the current state of the technology or problem domain
 - Introduce key concepts the reader needs to know

Soft robot need variable stiffness



Introduction - Motivation

- Provide background to help the reader understand the context
 - Begin with general statement about the broader field
 - Explain the current state of the technology or problem domain
 - Introduce key concepts the reader needs to know

Soft robot is ~~

Soft robot need variable stiffness

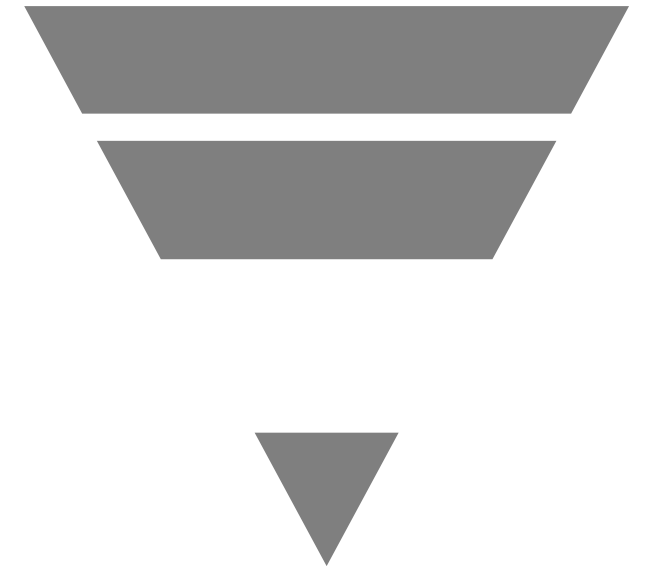
Introduction - Motivation

- Provide background to help the reader understand the context
 - Begin with general statement about the broader field
 - Explain the current state of the technology or problem domain
 - Introduce key concepts the reader needs to know

Soft robot is ~~

*Soft robot is good for ~~~.
They have gained significant attention in ~~~*

Soft robot need variable stiffness



Introduction - Motivation

- Provide background to help the reader understand the context
 - Begin with general statement about the broader field
 - Explain the current state of the technology or problem domain
 - Introduce key concepts the reader needs to know

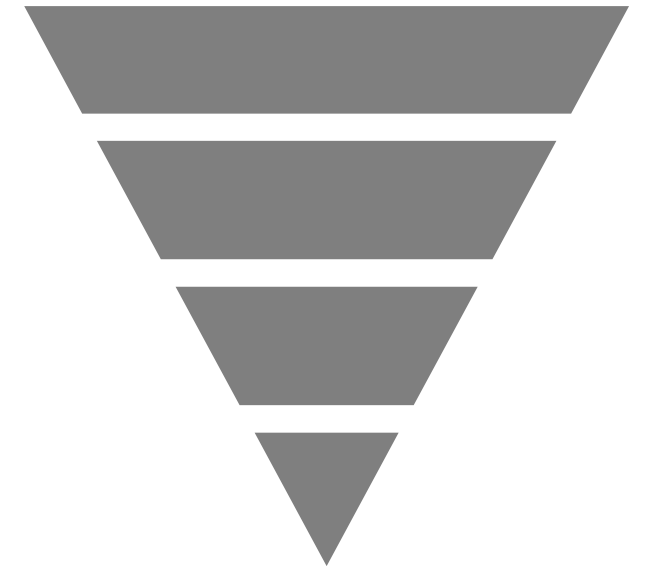
Soft robot is ~~

Soft robot is good for ~~~.

They have gained significant attention in ~~~

But capability of soft robot is still limited because ~~~

Soft robot need variable stiffness



Introduction – Problem statement

- Clearly state the focus of your project
- What specific problem or challenge are you addressing?
 - Why is it important?

Introduction – Problem statement

- Clearly state the focus of your project
- What specific problem or challenge are you addressing?
 - Why is it important?

Soft robot need variable stiffness

Introduction – Problem statement

- Clearly state the focus of your project
- What specific problem or challenge are you addressing?
 - Why is it important?

Soft robot need variable stiffness

Soft robot will have a high value in ~~~ with variable stiffness ability

Introduction – State of the art

- Identify what has already been done and what gaps still exist
 - Mention briefly what others have attempted
 - Highlight the limitations or gaps in existing solutions

Introduction – State of the art

- Identify what has already been done and what gaps still exist
 - Mention briefly what others have attempted
 - Highlight the limitations or gaps in existing solutions

Soft robot need variable stiffness

Introduction – State of the art

- Identify what has already been done and what gaps still exist
 - Mention briefly what others have attempted
 - Highlight the limitations or gaps in existing solutions

Soft robot need variable stiffness

Soft robots have demonstrated the ability to achieve variable stiffness through ~~~

Introduction – State of the art

- Identify what has already been done and what gaps still exist
 - Mention briefly what others have attempted
 - Highlight the limitations or gaps in existing solutions

Soft robot need variable stiffness

Soft robots have demonstrated the ability to achieve variable stiffness through ~~~

However, still ~~~~ challenges exist.

Introduction – Project introduction

- Explain your specific approach to address the problem
 - What is the exact goal of your project?
 - What makes your project unique or necessary?
 - Describe the general method or system you propose.
 - Keep it brief—details come later in the methodology section.

Introduction – Project introduction

- Explain your specific approach to address the problem
 - What is the exact goal of your project?
 - What makes your project unique or necessary?
 - Describe the general method or system you propose.
 - Keep it brief—details come later in the methodology section.

In this research, we suggest ~~~

Introduction - Common mistake

- Overestimating the reader's background knowledge

Introduction - Common mistake

- Overestimating the reader's background knowledge
- Lack of credible references
 - Failing to support claims with proper citations from reliable sources

Introduction - Common mistake

- Overestimating the reader's background knowledge
- Lack of credible references
 - Failing to support claims with proper citations from reliable sources
- Vague problem definition
 - Not clearly defining what the project aims to solve and why it matters

Introduction - Common mistake

- Overestimating the reader's background knowledge
- Lack of credible references
 - Failing to support claims with proper citations from reliable sources
- Vague problem definition
 - Not clearly defining what the project aims to solve and why it matters
- Missing logical flow

Engineering specification

- Technical requirements and constraints for a system
- Clearly, quantitatively, and verifiably

Engineering specification

- Technical requirements and constraints for a system
- Clearly, quantitatively, and verifiably
 - Functional requirements: what the system must do

Engineering specification

- Technical requirements and constraints for a system
- Clearly, quantitatively, and verifiably
 - Functional requirements: what the system must do
 - Performance criteria: how well it must do

Engineering specification

- Technical requirements and constraints for a system
- Clearly, quantitatively, and verifiably
 - Functional requirements: what the system must do
 - Performance criteria: how well it must do
 - Design constraints: limits due to size, weight, power etc.

Engineering specification

- Technical requirements and constraints for a system
- Clearly, quantitatively, and verifiably
 - Functional requirements: what the system must do
 - Performance criteria: how well it must do
 - Design constraints: limits due to size, weight, power etc.
 - Environmental condition: where and how the system will operate

Engineering specification

- Be specific: avoid terms like fast, small, or better
- Use measurable values (quantitative)
- Make each specification verifiable: be able to test or measure it
- Align specification with the goal and constraints of your project

Engineering specification

- Be specific: avoid terms like fast, small, or better
- Use measurable values (quantitative)
- Make each specification verifiable: be able to test or measure it
- Align specification with the goal and constraints of your project

Detection accuracy	$\geq 95\%$
Response time	≤ 0.2 seconds from detect to actuation
Max. dimension	20 cm * 15cm * 10cm
Speed	0.3 to 0.5 m/s average speed

Method

- A recipe of your project
- Readers to assess the validity and feasibility of the approach

Method

- A recipe of your project
- Readers to assess the validity and feasibility of the approach
- Briefly mention alternative methods you considered
- Focus on the one you selected and explain your reasoning

- Selection and source
 - Hardware: Materials, sensors, microcontrollers, mechanical parts etc.
 - Software: Libraries, platforms etc.

Method

- Selection and source
 - Hardware: Materials, sensors, microcontrollers, mechanical parts etc.
 - Software: Libraries, platforms etc.
- Your design and approach
 - System architecture
 - Flowcharts or block diagrams
 - Circuit diagram
 - Mechanical assembly
 - Code structure or algorithm (pseudo code)

Method

- Experiment setup
 - How did you test the system?
 - Describe conditions, setups, inputs etc.

Method

- Experiment setup
 - How did you test the system?
 - Describe conditions, setups, inputs etc.
- Assumptions
 - Mention any assumptions made during development

Method

- Be specific and measurable
- Always explain the reasoning behind your choices

Abstract

- Suggest to write last
- Accurate reflection of the manuscript
- *Why did you start? What did you do...? What did you find? What do your findings mean?*

-Maeve O'Connor-

O'Connor, M. 1991. *Writing successfully in science*, London, Routledge.

Abstract

- So, you will need to consider the following:
 - Use short sentences
 - Use simple, specific words
 - Edit out 'waste' words

Abstract

- Common errors
 - Background too long
 - Question omitted or vague
 - Answer not stated
 - A result summarized ('X was more effective than X') without numerical data to support it (60% vs. 20% ... statistics)
 - Too many results – just the main ones because you can't get all results in the abstract
 - 'Conclusion creep' – the abstract conclusion contains something different from or in addition to the main manuscript conclusion.

General writing rules

- All figures should be mentioned in the text
- Cite all sources properly
- Use clear, precise and concise sentences
 - Avoid vague terms like “better”, “fast”, or “good”
- Ensure logical structure and flow
- Define all acronyms and technical terms
 - First appearing one
- Include units and labels on all measurements and figures
 - Match the range of value of graphs if comparison between is important
- Avoid plagiarism